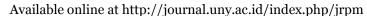


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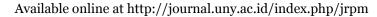
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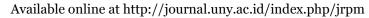
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PETUNJUK PENULISAN NASKAH JURNAL RISET PENDIDIKAN MATEMATIKA (VERSI TEMPLATE 2016) ← 11 TNR BOLD MAKSIMAL 14 KATA

Heri Retnawati ¹ *, Ariyadi Wijaya ² ← 11 pt bold

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Abstract

Abstract english version, written using Time New Roman-11, italic. Abstract contains research aim/purpose, method, and reseach results; written in 1 paragraph, single space among rows, using past tense sentences.

Keywords: one or more word(s) or phrase(s), that it's important, specific, or representative for the article.

INTRODUCTION

This section contains the background of the study, the rationale and/or the urgency of the study. References (literatures and relevant studies) should be stated in relation to the justification toward the urgency of the study, the occurrence of the problem in the study, the alternative solutions and the selected solutions. The manner of stating the sources in the text must show the name of the author and the source citation clearly, which refers to the year of issuance or publication and the page where the related texts exist. For example: ... The results of the study showed that more than 70% of the students had not been able to recognize the authentic problems ... (Retnawati, 2014, p.6).

The degree of advancement within the materials that have been the reference should be given attention by viewing the proportion of the last 10 years and by looking at the primary literature. The problems, the objectives and the benefits of the study should be typed narratively in the form of paragraphs and the researcher does not need to provide any special subsections. Similarly, the operational definition

might be typed narratively if it is deemed necessary.

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This section contains the type, the period, the location, the target, the subject, the procedures, the instruments and the data analysis technique of the study along with the other matters that have been related to the manners of the study. These contents might be typed into the subtitles with the subheadings. The subtitles do not need to be provided with notation. However, the subtitles should be typed with the small case beginning with a capitalized letter, TNR-11 un-bold and left level.

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Furthermore, the meaning of the data and the connection between the data, the problems of the study and the objectives of the study should be elaborated in this section.

(Note: The subtitles might be different according to the type or the approach of the study that had been implemented. If there were sequential steps or procedures then the steps or the procedures might be provided with the notation (number or letter) according to the position.)

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The table should be written in the middle or in the end of each descriptive text discussing the results/findings of the study. If the width of the table is not sufficient to be written in the half page, then the table might be written in the full page. The title of the table should be written from the left to the center and all of the words should be started with the capital letter except for the conjunctions. If the title consists of more than one line, then the title might be written completely in the single space. The example for this explanation might be seen in Table 1.

Table 1. The Style and Its Function

No.	Name of Style	Function
1.	JRPM_Title	Title
2.	JRPM_Author	Author
3.	JRPM_AbstractBody	Abstract
4.	JRPM_AbstractTitle	Abstract Title
5.	JRPM_AbstractKeyword	Keyword
6.	JRPM_Heading 1	Subtitle 1
7.	JRPM_Body	Paragraph
8.	JRPM_Picture Capture	Figure Title
9.	JRPM_Table Capture	Table Title
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	And more	

The elaboration of the results that take the form of figure or the data that have been explained by means of figure/scheme/graphic/diagram and alike should pay attention to the existing rules; the title or the name of the figure should be put under the figure, should be written from the left to the right and should be given a single space from the figure. If the name consists of more than one line, the researcher can provide a single space between the lines. The example for this explanation might be seen in Figure 1.

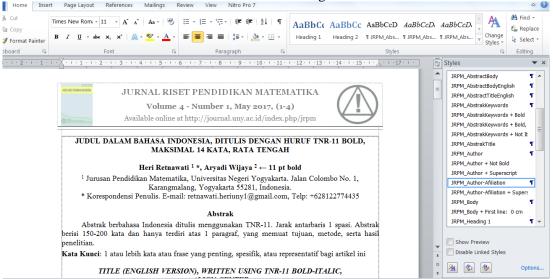


Figure 1. Displaying the Style in the Template

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The discussions should be written closely to the data that had been discussed. The discussions should not be written separately from the data under discussion.

CONCLUSIONS

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- Effendi, S. (1982). Unsur-unsur penelitian ilmiah. Dalam Masri Singarimbun (Ed.). *Metode penelitian survei*. Jakarta: LP3ES.
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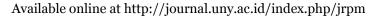
PROFILE

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ADMINISTRATION METALINA ADMINISTRATION METALI

JURNAL RISET PENDIDIKAN MATEMATIKA

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AUTHOR GUIDELINES

- 1. Manuscript accepted is written in standard English Language or Indonesian language
- 2. The length of the manuscript is approximately 15 pages (or approximately 7000 words), written in Times New Roman 11, A4 paper format, margins: top 3; left 3; right 2; bottom 2, two columns (except for abstract, figure or table whose size cannot be reduced due to its readability), justified, single-spaced.
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